

Brescia and its Province

The province of Brescia is situated in the region of Lombardy in northern Italy, at the foot of the Alps, between the lakes of Garda and Iseo.

The city of Brescia has a population of around 190,000 inhabitants. It is the second largest city in Lombardy, after the capital, Milan.

The city is the administrative capital of the Province of Brescia, one of the largest in Italy, with about 1,200,000 inhabitants.



The ancient city of Brixia, Brescia has been an important regional centre since pre-Roman times and many Roman and Medieval monuments are preserved, among which is the prominent castle.

The Province of Brescia is the custodian of a rich heritage of art and history from prehistoric times to the modern day and heir to a culture of traditional crafts, industry and trade which today puts it at the top of the Italian economic league.

The second largest province in Italy, Brescia, offers countless things to see and do: the city, the lakes, the valleys, the mountains, culture, nature, food and wine, sport and leisure



On **Lake Iseo**, a nature trail leads you to the green oasis of the Torbiere (peatbogs) and a ferry-boat will bring you to Monte Isola, the biggest lake island in Europe.

On **Lake Garda**, you can experience the charme of the Vittoriale di D'Annunzio, the Roman villas of Desenzano and Sirmione,

In the plains around Brescia along the Oglio River, there are a lot of fortified castles and villas; in **Valsabbia**, the traditions of the fabulous Bagolino carnival; in **Valtrompia**, a brand new Park of the Minerals situated on an evocative "iron route"; in **Valcamonica**, the legendary world of the "Camuni" with their rock incisions which Unesco has included among the world's greatest treasures.



Brescia City of Art is a continuous discovery.

Around the **Roman Temple** stands the largest archaeological site in northern Italy.

Every street abounds in historical buildings, that were built in different ages but whose styles combine to create a harmonious whole.

The beautiful Santa Giulia Monastery houses the **City Museum**, an extraordinary collection of precious objects from prehistory to the 19th century.

The province of Brescia boasts an incredible variety of naturalistic environments: **mountains, lakes, the plain**. There are many possible excursions in the nature, both on foot and by bike. In the mountains there are two important national parks, **Adamello** and **Stelvio**, and several protected areas and reserves such as **Parco Alto Garda** and **Torbiere del Sebino**, the paradise of birdwatchers.

The surroundings of Brescia also offer several routes that combine nature, culture and food tradition, such as in **Franciacorta** and in **the colline moreniche del Garda**,
The local population has realised that the environmental heritage is a treasure to preserve and respect at all costs.



There are many famous, well-equipped ski areas in the province of Brescia: the most famous is the Adamello ski area

ECONOMY

Situated in the centre of northern Italy, Brescia is a link between the industrial area around Milan and the more recently developed districts of Veneto and has social and economic characteristics of both of these models.

Our economy is based on a great variety of industries and other sectors; Brescia is a province with one of the lowest number of unemployed people and has achieved many outstanding successes in manufacturing, agriculture and tourism.

The province is in the centre of the third largest Italian industrial area, concentrating mostly mechanical, machine tools, automotive, engineering, metallurgy and textile industries.

Our companies are typically small or medium-sized enterprises, often with family managements. The financial sector is also one of the major employer, as well as the tourist and food-and-wine sector, that has been having a strong development in the last decades, due to the proximity of the lakes Garda and Iseo and of the Alps.

In spite of a highly industrialised sector, agriculture is far from being a marginal enterprise in the economy of Brescia.

Also social sector is very well developed (social cooperative, non-profit enterprises and foundations) working with disabled people, elderly people and youngsters.

The main economic sectors of the province of Brescia are the following:

agriculture 10%, manufacture 17%, building 15%, commerce 29%, services to the enterprises 19%, services to the people 5%, others 5%



Due to this variety of industries and activities, we are able to offer a wide range of internships in different fields: traditional industries, engineering, new technologies, commerce and services, financial sector, tourism, wine and food, spa enterprises but also in social sector and so on.

HOW TO REACH US

it is easy to reach the Province of Brescia by plane, train or car (less than an hour from the airport of Milan or Verona).

By car information: www.autostrade.it

By train information: www.trenitalia.com

By plane

- Gabriele D'Annunzio Airport - Montichiari, 20 Km from Brescia

From the airport there are shuttles to Brescia and taxi service outside the arrivals area.

- Verona Villafranca Airport - 50 Km from Brescia

There are shuttles to Verona railway station, where trains to Brescia leave very frequently.

- Milan-Bergamo Orio Airport - 50 Km from Brescia

From the airport there are shuttles to Brescia and southern Lake Garda and taxi service outside the arrivals area.

- Milan Linate -90 Km from Brescia

- Milan Malpensa - 130 Km from Brescia

